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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/541,113	12/22/2005	Guy Weinberg	27611/39002A	4295
	7590 03/17/200 GERSTEIN & BORUN	EXAMINER		
233 S. WACKER DRIVE, SUITE 6300			FORD, ALLISON M	
SEARS TOWER CHICAGO, IL 60606			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1651	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/17/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Comments	10/541,113	WEINBERG ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	ALLISON M. FORD	1651			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
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closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <i>1-11,13,15,16 and 18-31</i> is/are pendir	ng in the application.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
· · · · ·	a restriction and/or election requi	roment			
8) Claim(s) <u>1-11,13,15,16 and 18-31</u> are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	•				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>					
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	4)	ite			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:				

## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Election/Restrictions

Restriction is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 and 372.

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.499, applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single invention to which the claims must be restricted.

Group I, claim(s) 1-9, drawn to a composition comprising a perfusion solution and an amphipathic compound.

Group II, claim(s) 10, 11, 13, 15, 16 and 18-25, drawn to a method of protecting a tissue or organ from tissue anoxia, ischemia or reperfusion injury by administering to a subject, or by directly contacting the tissue or organ, a composition comprising a perfusion solution and an amphipathic compound.

Group III, claim(s) 26, drawn to a method of protecting a tissue or an organ from damage due to tissue hypoxia by contacting the tissue or organ with an amphipathic metabolic inhibitors and administering a lipid emulsion.

Group IV, claim(s) 27-31, drawn to a kit comprising a composition comprising a perfusion solution and an amphipathic compound.

The inventions listed as Groups I, II and IV do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: Claim 1, at least, is anticipated or obvious over Dhaliwal et al (US Patent 5,261,903). Dhaliwal et al disclose a variety of injectable anesthetics, including solutions of bupivacaine, etidocaine, and tetracaine (See col. 5-10). Each of bupivacaine, etidocaine and tetracaine are provided in buffer solutions, which is considered to read on 'a perfusion solution'. It is further noted claim 1 is directed to a composition, and thus the intended use (protection of a tissue or organ from damage when isolated from circulatory system) only insofar as it limits the composition; in the instant

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case, the intended use only effects the concentration of the anesthetic provided in the composition.

Modification of the concentration of an active agent is considered a matter of routine optimization, and

thus would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art. Consequently, the special technical

feature which links the claims of Inventive Groups I, II and IV (a composition comprising a perfusion

solution and an amphipathic compound), does not provide a contribution over the art, and thus unity of

invention is lacking.

The claim of Inventive Group III lacks this feature entirely, as the composition utilized in claim

26 does not require a perfusion solution. The only shared technical feature shared between Groups I, II,

IV and Group III is the amphipathic compound; however, as shown above, Dhaliwal et al discloses a

number of amphipathic compounds, and thus such does not provide a contribution over the art and unity

of invention is lacking.

This application contains claims directed to more than one species of the generic invention(s).

These species are deemed to lack unity of invention because they are not so linked as to form a single

general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

The generic invention(s) are considered to be the composition comprising a perfusion solution

and an amphipathic compound, and the methods of using this composition. However, the claims recite

multiple species of amphipathic compounds, the species are as follows:

a) bupivacaine

b) levo-bupivacaine

c) etidocaine

d) ropivacaine

e) tetracaine

Applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single species to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. The reply must also identify the claims readable on the elected species, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered non-responsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

The species listed above do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, the species lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: Pursuant to PCT Rule 13.2 and PCT Administrative Instructions, Annex B, Part 1(f)(I)(B)(2), the species are not art recognized equivalents. The different compounds claimed have unique chemical properties, beyond their shared amphipathic nature, such that the compounds are not art-recognized equivalents. As evidenced by Mather et al (Us Patent 6,069,155) the different compounds have profoundly different effects on tissues and organs, as well as the body as a whole, which render them non-obvious variants.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To preserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

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Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and the product claims are subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be considered for rejoinder. <u>All</u> claims directed to a nonelected process invention must require all the limitations of an allowable product claim for that process invention to be rejoined.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103 and 112. Until all claims to the elected product are found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowable product claim will not be rejoined. See MPEP § 821.04(b). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution to require the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ALLISON M. FORD whose telephone number is (571)272-2936. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00-6 M-Th.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Wityshyn can be reached on 571-272-0926. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Leon B Lankford Jr/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1651